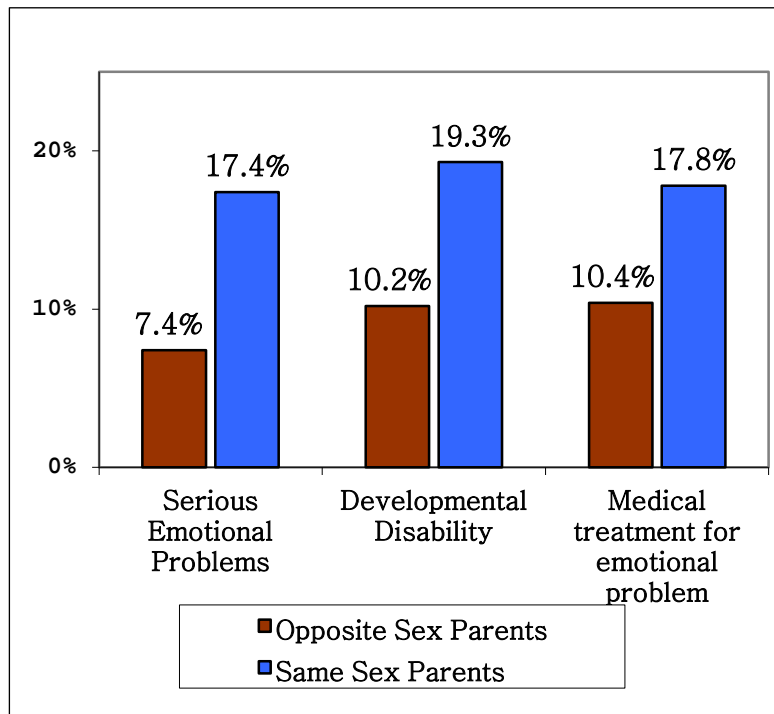


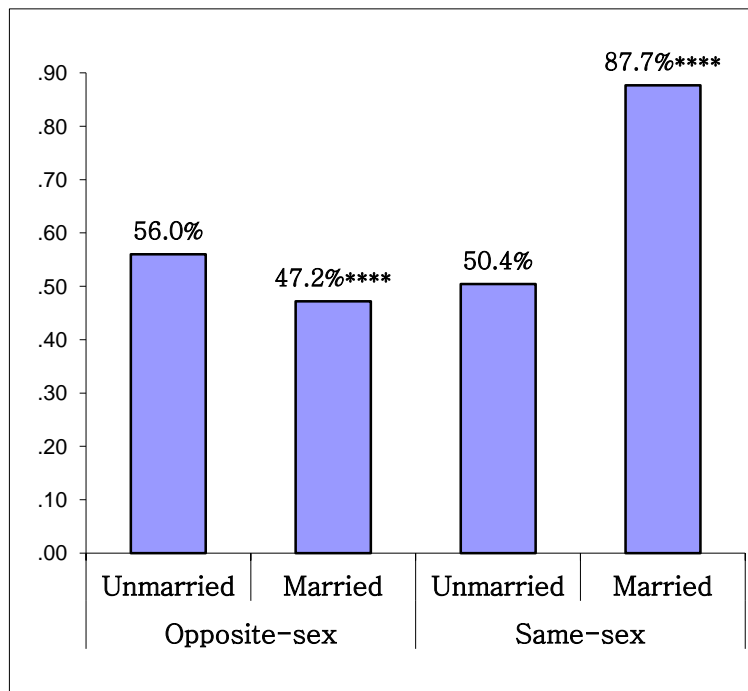
## APPENDIX

**Figure 1**  
**Child Emotional Problems, Developmental Disability, and Medical Treatment for Emotional Problem by Family Type**



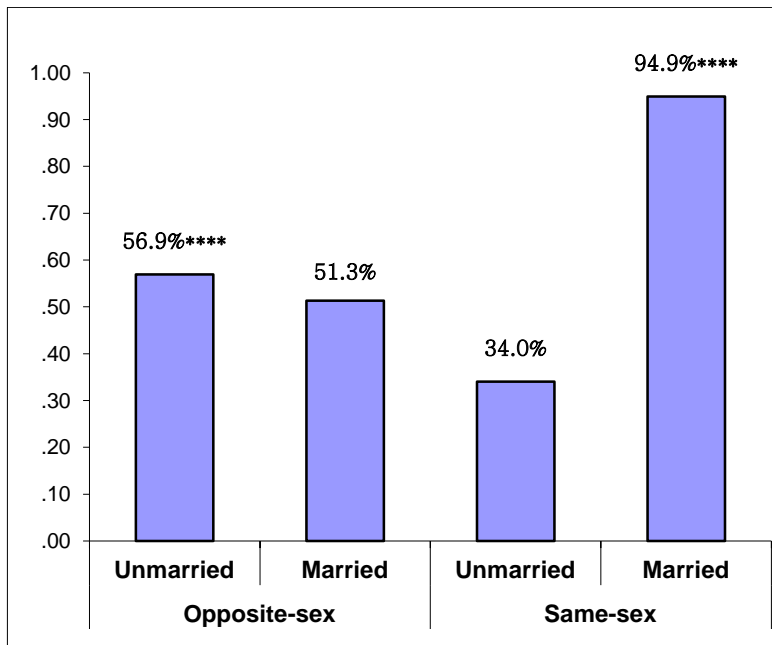
Source: National Health Interview Survey (CDC-NCHS) 1997-2013. (N=207,007). Data are a representative sample of all U.S. children. Contrasts are adjusted for child age, sex and race, and parent education and income, and are significant at .01 or better. Sullins, *Emotional*, at 109, Table 3.

**Figure 2**  
**Child Depressive Symptoms (CES-D)**  
**(percent above average)**  
**by Family Type and Marriage**



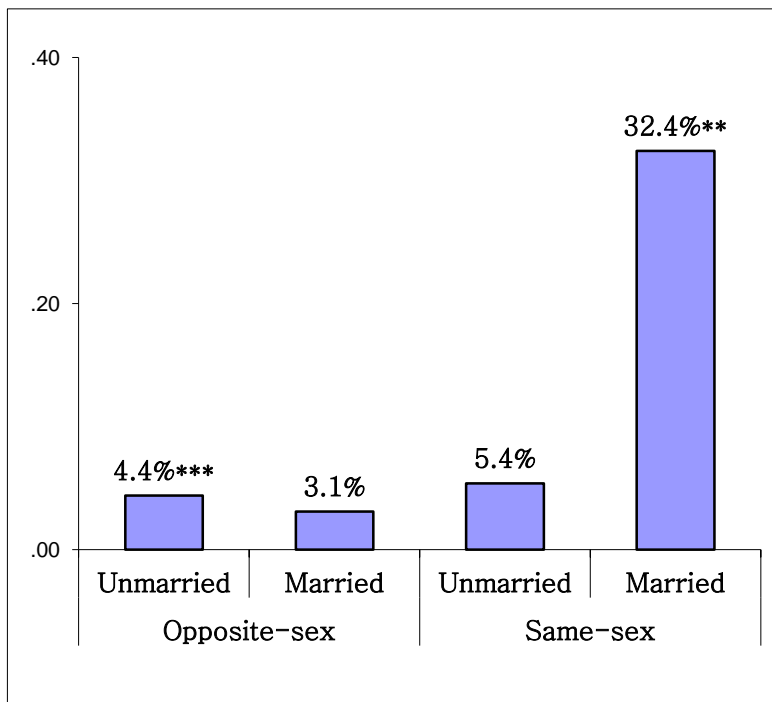
Source: National Longitudinal Survey of Adolescent Health, Wave I (N=20,746). Data are a representative sample of all U.S. adolescents. CES-D, Center for Epidemiological Studies – Depression Scale. Values shown are not predictive of clinical disorder. Asterisks indicate significance of difference from opposite-sex married: \* P < .10, \*\* P < .05 \*\*\* P < .01 \*\*\*\* P < .0001 Sullins, *Unexpected*, at 14, Table 3.

**Figure 3**  
**Child Unhappiness**  
**(CES-D Subscale Lack of Positive Affect:**  
**percent above average)**  
**by Family Type and Marriage**



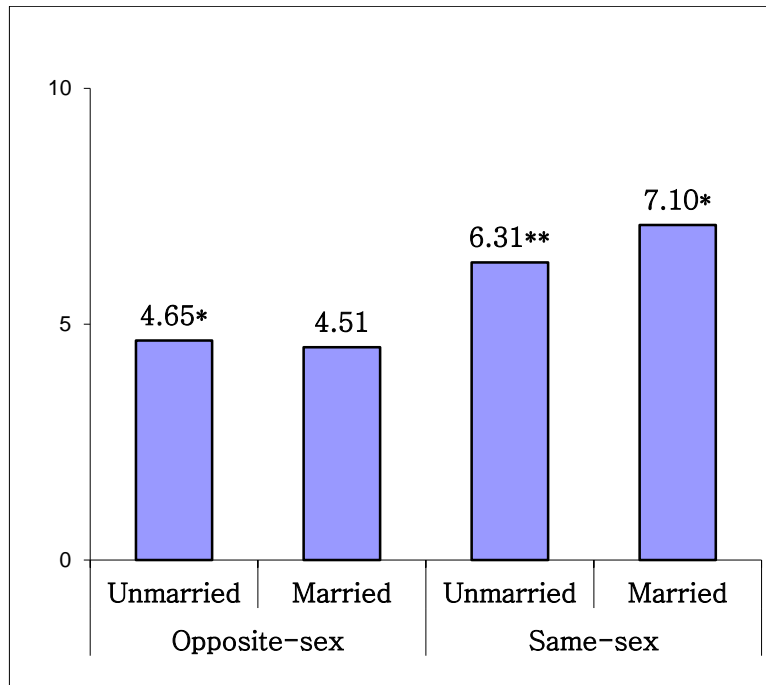
Source: National Longitudinal Survey of Adolescent Health, Wave I (N=20,746). Data are a representative sample of all U.S. adolescents. CES-D, Center for Epidemiological Studies – Depression Scale. Values shown are not predictive of clinical disorder. Asterisks indicate significance of difference from opposite-sex married: \* P < .10, \*\* P < .05 \*\*\* P < .01 \*\*\*\* P < .0001 Sullins, *Unexpected*, at 14, Table 3.

**Figure 4**  
**Child Fearful or Crying Every Day or Almost**  
**Every Day in the Past Year**  
**(percent) by Family Type and Marriage**

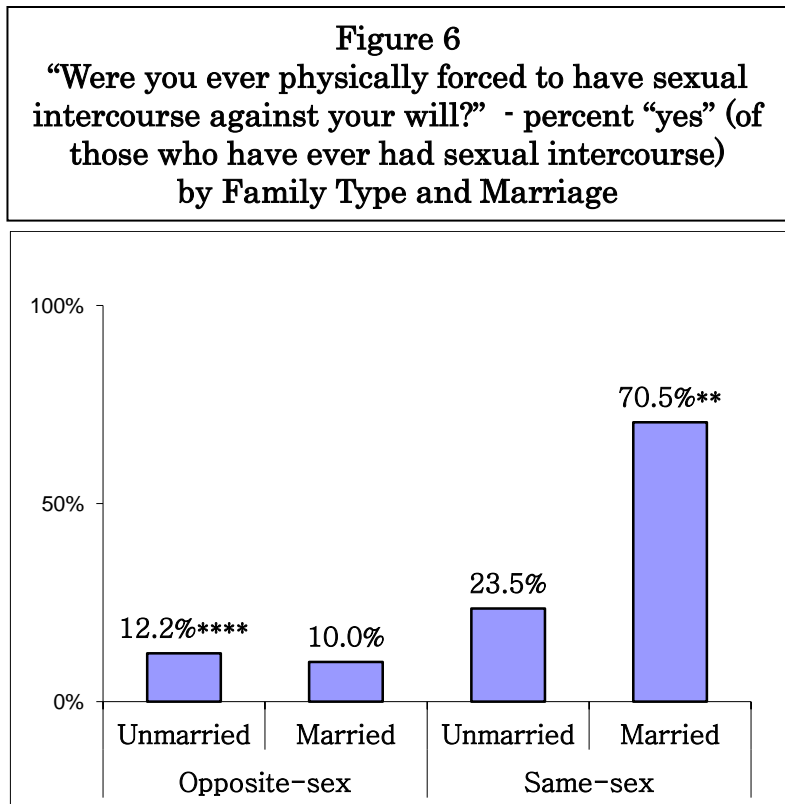


Source: National Longitudinal Survey of Adolescent Health, Wave I (N=20,746). Data are a representative sample of all U.S. adolescents. Asterisks indicate significance of difference from opposite-sex married: \* P < .10, \*\* P < .05, \*\*\* P < .01, \*\*\*\* P < .0001. Sullins, *Unexpected*, at 14, Table 3.

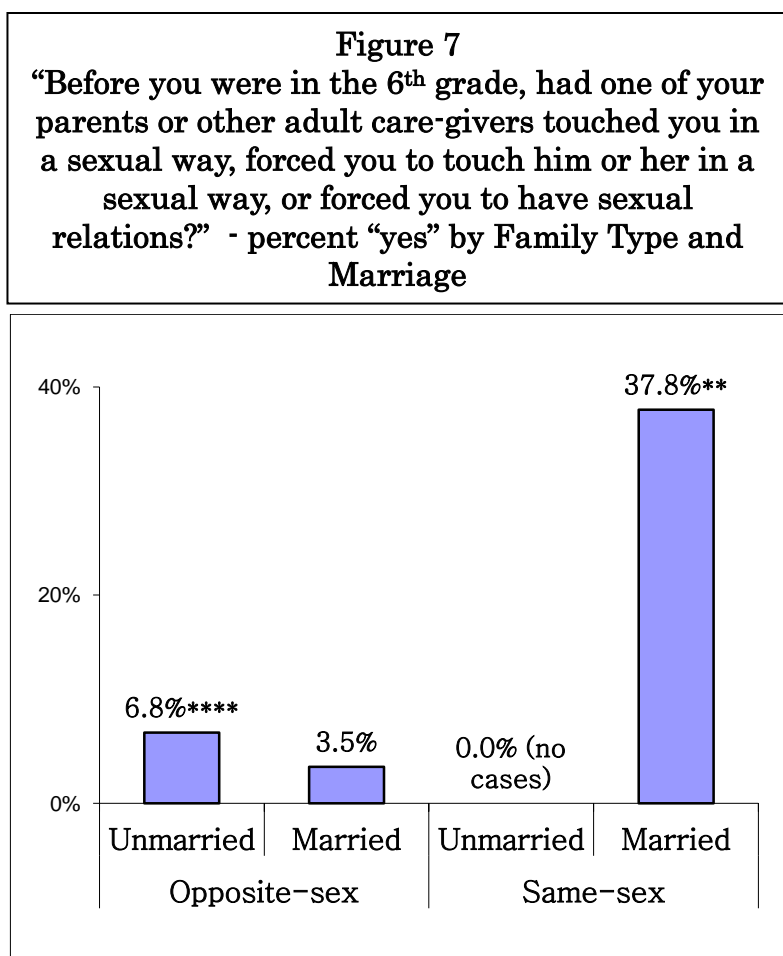
**Figure 5**  
**Child Anxiety**  
**by Family Type and Marriage**



Source: National Longitudinal Survey of Adolescent Health, Wave I (N=20,746). Data are a representative sample of all U.S. adolescents. Anxiety scale range is comprised of 6 items, range zero to 24. Asterisks indicate significance of difference from opposite-sex married: \* P < .10, \*\* P < .05 \*\*\* P < .01 \*\*\*\* P < .0001 Sullins, *Unexpected*, at 14, Table 3.



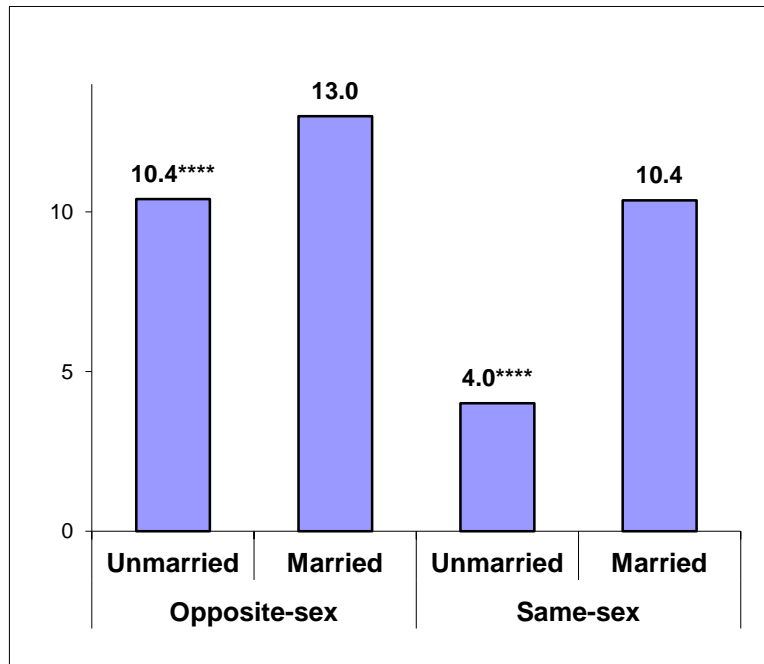
Source: National Longitudinal Survey of Adolescent Health, Wave I (N=20,746). Data are a representative sample of all U.S. adolescents. Males were asked, “Did you ever physically force someone....?” All “yes” respondents with same-sex (lesbian) parents were female. Asterisks indicate significance of difference from opposite-sex married: \* P < .10, \*\* P < .05 \*\*\* P < .01 \*\*\*\* P < .0001 Sullins, *Unexpected*, at 14, Table 3.



Source: National Longitudinal Survey of Adolescent Health, Wave III (N=15,197). Data are a representative sample of all U.S. adolescents. Asterisks indicate significance of difference from opposite-sex married: \* P < .10, \*\* P < .05 \*\*\* P < .01 \*\*\*\* P < .0001 Sullins, *Unexpected*, at 14, Table 3.

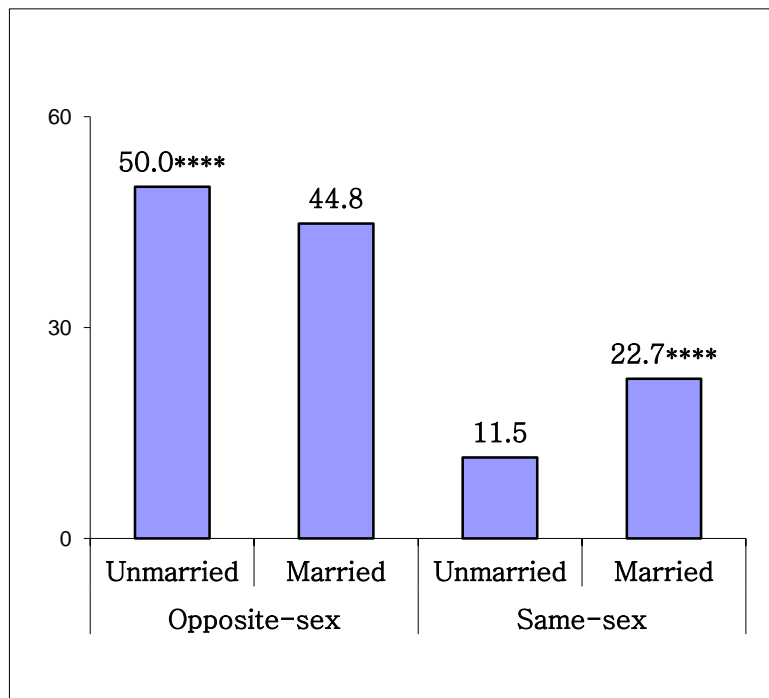


**Figure 8**  
**Years Child has been in Current Family**  
**(Stability) by Family Type and Marriage**



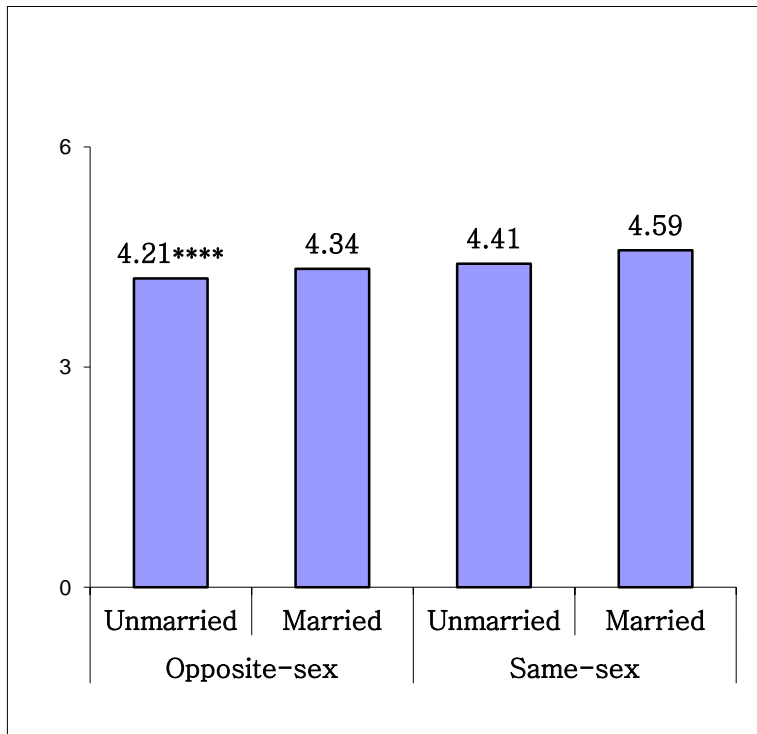
Source: National Longitudinal Survey of Adolescent Health, Wave I (N=20,746). Data are a representative sample of all U.S. adolescents. Asterisks indicate significance of difference from opposite-sex married: \* P < .10, \*\* P < .05 \*\*\* P < .01 \*\*\*\* P < .0001 Sullins, *Unexpected*, at 14, Table 3.

**Figure 9**  
**People are unfriendly or dislike you (CES-D**  
**Interpersonal Subscale: percent above average)**  
**by Family Type and Marriage**



Source: National Longitudinal Survey of Adolescent Health, Wave I (N=20,746). Data are a representative sample of all U.S. adolescents. CES-D, Center for Epidemiological Studies – Depression Scale. Values shown are not predictive of clinical disorder. Asterisks indicate significance of difference from opposite-sex married: \* P < .10, \*\* P < .05 \*\*\* P < .01 \*\*\*\* P < .0001 Sullins, *Unexpected*, at 14, Table 3.

**Figure 10**  
**Parental Warmth and Caring (child-rated) by**  
**Family Type and Marriage**



Source: National Longitudinal Survey of Adolescent Health, Wave I (N=20,746). Data are a representative sample of all U.S. adolescents. Asterisks indicate significance of difference from opposite-sex married: \* P < .10, \*\* P < .05 \*\*\* P < .01 \*\*\*\* P < .0001 Sullins, *Unexpected*, at 14, Table 3.